

## Summary of Selected Findings: Ohio

		State	Nation	Region	
Making Ends Meet					
Difficulty covering expenses and paying bills					
Very difficult		11%	10%	10%	
Somewhat difficult		33%	33%	32%	
Not at all difficult		53%	54%	56%	
Spending vs. saving					
Spending less than income		39%	43%	42%	
Spending about equal to income		37%	34%	37%	
Spending more than income		21%	19%	18%	
Overdraw checking account occasionally		22%	21%	19%	Respondents with checking accounts
Have unpaid medical bills		23%	22%	21%	
Number of times mortgage payments have been late					
Once		8%	8%	8%	Respondents with mortgages
More than once		10%	9%	7%	
Have taken a loan from retirement account in past year		14%	14%	15%	Respondents with defined contribution retirement accounts
Have taken a hardship withdrawal from retirement account in past year		17%	14%	16%	
Have experienced large unexpected drop in income in past year		26%	26%	24%	
Planning Ahead					
Have emergency funds		50%	53%	52%	
Do not have emergency funds		46%	43%	42%	
Have tried to figure out retirement savings needs		39%	39%	38%	Non-retired respondents
Have not tried to figure out retirement savings needs		54%	55%	56%	
Have set aside money for children’s college education		43%	40%	41%	Respondents with financially dependent children
Have not set aside money for children’s college education		53%	54%	53%	
Retirement Accounts					
Have employer-provided retirement plan (e.g., pension, 401(k))		53%	49%	50%	Non-retired respondents
Have non-employer retirement plan (e.g., IRA, Keogh, SEP, etc.)		26%	26%	26%	
Regularly contribute to retirement account		81%	79%	79%	Respondents with defined contribution retirement accounts

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*Stocks, Bonds, and Mutual Funds*

Invest in stocks, bonds, mutual funds, or other securities outside of retirement account

30%	35%	33%
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**Managing Financial Products**

*Banking*

Have checking account

92%	91%	91%
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Have savings account, money market account, or CDs

67%	72%	73%
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*Credit Cards*

Credit card behaviors in past year

Always paid credit cards in full

54%	59%	60%
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Carried over a balance and was charged interest

48%	43%	41%
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Paid the minimum payment only

37%	35%	34%
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Charged a late fee for late payment

18%	17%	16%
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Charged an over the limit fee for exceeding credit line

10%	11%	11%
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Used the cards for a cash advance

14%	15%	14%
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*Respondents with credit cards*

*Mobile Payment Methods*

Use mobile phone to pay at point of sale

36%	43%	39%
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Use mobile phone to transfer money to another person

48%	53%	49%
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*Mortgages*

Have mortgage

52%	51%	49%
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Have home equity loan

18%	12%	12%
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*Homeowners*

Home “underwater” (negative equity)

7%	7%	6%
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*Homeowners*

*Other Debt*

Have student loan

24%	23%	22%
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Have auto loan

31%	29%	29%
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*Non-Bank Borrowing*

Non-bank borrowing methods used in past 5 years

Auto title loan

12%	12%	11%
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Short term “payday” loan

17%	15%	15%
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Tax refund advance

11%	11%	11%
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Pawn shop

18%	21%	18%
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Rent-to-own store

15%	14%	13%
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Used one or more non-bank borrowing methods in past 5 years

30%	32%	29%
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## Financial Knowledge

Suppose you had \$100 in a savings account and the interest rate was 2% per year. After 5 years, how much do you think you would have in the account if you left the money to grow?

<u>More than \$102</u> (correct answer)	67%	69%	69%
Exactly \$102	11%	9%	9%
Less than \$102	3%	6%	4%
Don't know	18%	15%	16%

Imagine that the interest rate on your savings account was 1% per year and inflation was 2% per year. After 1 year, how much would you be able to buy with the money in this account?

More than today	14%	12%	12%
Exactly the same	11%	11%	11%
<u>Less than today</u> (correct answer)	48%	53%	53%
Don't know	25%	23%	22%

If interest rates rise, what will typically happen to bond prices?

They will rise	17%	20%	19%
<u>They will fall</u> (correct answer)	21%	25%	23%
They will stay the same	6%	6%	6%
There is no relationship between bond prices and the interest rate	11%	9%	10%
Don't know	44%	39%	41%

Suppose you owe \$1,000 on a loan and the interest rate you are charged is 20% per year compounded annually. If you didn't pay anything off, at this interest rate, how many years would it take for the amount you owe to double?

Less than 2 years	5%	5%	5%
<u>At least 2 years but less than 5 years</u> (correct answer)	24%	30%	27%
At least 5 years but less than 10 years	27%	28%	28%
At least 10 years	8%	7%	9%
Don't know	34%	28%	30%

Which of the following indicates the highest probability of getting a particular disease?

<u>There is a one-in-twenty chance of getting the disease</u> (correct answer)	36%	36%	34%
2% of the population will get the disease	11%	13%	13%
25 out of every 1,000 people will get the disease	16%	17%	17%
Don't know	35%	33%	35%

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A 15-year mortgage typically requires higher monthly payments than a 30-year mortgage, but the total interest paid over the life of the loan will be less.			
<u>True</u> (correct answer)	68%	69%	69%
False	8%	9%	9%
Don't know	24%	22%	21%
Buying a single company's stock usually provides a safer return than a stock mutual fund.			
True	13%	12%	13%
<u>False</u> (correct answer)	41%	42%	41%
Don't know	46%	45%	46%
Mean number of correct quiz answers	3.05	3.23	3.18
Mean number of incorrect quiz answers	1.63	1.63	1.65
Mean number of "don't know" quiz answers	2.27	2.06	2.11

#### Notes:

Region = East North Central Census Division (Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin).

State figures are weighted by age x gender, ethnicity and education.

National figures are weighted by age x gender, ethnicity, education and Census Division.

Census Division figures are weighted by age x gender, ethnicity, education and state.

Differences between groups may or may not be statistically significant.

Percentages may not add up to 100 because of missing or "don't know" responses.

Survey was conducted June – October 2021.

Additional findings and details are available for download at [www.FINRAFoundation.org/NFCS](http://www.FINRAFoundation.org/NFCS).